MA/MSCMT-10

December - Examination 2021

M.A./M.Sc. (Final) Examination **MATHEMATICS**

(Mathematical Programming) Paper: MA/MSCMT-10

[Maximum Marks : 80 *Time : 1*½ *Hours*]

Note: The question paper is divided into two Sections A and B. Write answers as per the given instructions. Use of non-programmable Scientific Calculator is allowed in this paper.

Section-A

 $4 \times 4 = 16$

(Very Short Answer Type Questions)

Note: Answer any *four* questions. As per the nature of the question delimit your answer in one word, one sentence or maximum up to 30 words. Each question carries 4 marks.

(1)

405 Turn Over

- 1. (i) A hyperplane is given by the equation $3x_1 + 2x_2 + 4x_3 + 7x_4 = 8$. Find in which half spaces do the point (1, 2, 4, 1) lies.
 - Define positive semi-definite and negative semi-definite quadratic forms.
 - (iii) Write standard form –I for revised simplex method of linear programming problem:

Max.:

$$Z = CX$$

Subject to:

$$AX = b$$

$$X \ge 0$$

- (iv) Explain importance of integer programming problem.
- (v) Write steps of fractional cut method for solving integer programming problem.

(2)

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(vi) Test the definiteness of the quadratic form :

$$\mathbf{X}^{T} \mathbf{A} \mathbf{X} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{1}, x_{2}, x_{3} \end{pmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_{1} \\ x_{2} \\ x_{3} \end{bmatrix}$$

- (vii) Define constrained optimization problem and unconstrained optimization problem.
- (viii) Write dual of quadratic forms when X is unrestricted in sign.

Max.:

f(X)

Subject to:

$$g_i(X) = b_i, i = 1, 2, \dots, m$$

Section-B

 $4 \times 16 = 64$

(Short Answer Type Questions)

Note: Answer any *four* questions. Each answer should not exceed **200** words. Each question carries 16 marks.

(3)

405 Turn Over

2. Solve the following linear programming problem using revised simplex method till first revised simplex table :

Max.:

$$Z = 3x_1 + 6x_2 + 2x_3$$

Subject to:

$$3x_1 + 4x_2 + x_3 \le 2$$
$$x_1 + 3x_2 + 2x_3 \le 1$$

$$x_1, x_2, x_3 \ge 0$$

3. Use Branch and Bound Method to solve the following integer programming problem where x_1 and x_2 are integers :

Max.:

$$Z = 4x_1 + 3x_2$$

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Subject to:

$$5x_1 + 3x_2 \ge 30$$

$$x_1 \le 4$$

$$x_2 \le 6$$

$$x_1, x_2 \ge 0$$

- 4. Find the dimension of a rectangular parallelopiped with largest volume whose sides are parallel to the coordinate planets, to be inscribed in the ellipsoid.
- 5. Use Kuhn-Tucker conditions to solve the following non-linear programming problem :

Max.:

$$f(x_1, x_2) = 7x_1^2 - 6x_1 + 5x_2^2$$

Subject to:

$$x_1 + 2x_2 \le 10$$

 $x_1 - 3x_2 \le 9$
 $x_1, x_2 \ge 0$

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6. Solve the following quadratic programming problem by Beale's method :

Min.:

$$f(x_1, x_2) = 10x_1^2 + x_2^2 + 4x_1x_2 - 10x_1 - 25x_2$$

Subject to:

$$x_1 + 2x_2 \le 10$$
$$x_1 + x_2 \le 9$$
$$x_1, x_2 \ge 0$$

- 7. Prove that every local maximum of the general convex programming problem is its global maximum.
- 8. Use dynamics programming to solve :

Min.:

$$\left(x_1^2 + x_2^2 + ... + x_n^2\right)$$

Subject to:

$$x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n = b$$

and

$$x_1, x_2, ..., x_n \ge 0$$

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(6)

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9. Solving the following linear programming problem

by using dynamic programming:

Max.:

$$Z = 3x_1 + 5x_2$$

Subject to:

$$x_1 \leq 4$$

$$x_2 \le 6$$

$$3x_1 + 2x_2 \le 18$$

and

$$x_1, x_2 \ge 0$$

(7)