# **CTE-01**

# December - Examination 2019

## Certificate Programme Examination

### **Certificate in Teaching of English**

### Paper - CTE-01

Time : 3 Hours ]

910

[ Max. Marks :- 100

**Note:** The question paper is divided into three sections A, B and C. Write answers as per given instructions.

#### Section - A

 $10 \times 2 = 20$ 

(Very Short Answer Questions)

- **Note:** Section A contains 10 questions (one word, one sentence on max. 30 words). Each question is compulsory.
- 1) (i) What do you mean by phonetic transcription?
  - (ii) What are the two main parts of listening process?
  - (iii) Define the term 'homograph'.
  - (iv) Write the phonetic transcription of the following words:
    - (a) pull
    - (b) call
    - (c) watch
    - (d) health

- (v) Write each of these words in ordinary spelling.
  - (a) /ba:k/
  - (b) /i:zi/
  - (c) / k ^ z (∂ ) n /

### Section - B 4

 $4 \times 10 = 40$ 

(Short Answer Questions)

- **Note:** Section B contains 8 questions, out of which only 4 questions have to be attempted. Each question is of 10 marks.
- 2) Explain the term 'juncture' with supportive example.
- 3) How many short vowels are there in phonetics?
- 4) Write a short note on 'Homophones.'
- 5) What do you understand by 'semi-words'? Define with examples.
- 6) Discuss how can early vocabulary learning help to learn English.
- 7) What do you understand by plosive constant?
- 8) What is the significance of ESP in the globalised world of today?
- 9) Write a note on the factors for degree of prominence of stress.

### Section - C

#### (Long Answer Questions)

- **Note:** This section contains 4 questions, out of which only 2 questions have to be answered. Each question is of 20 marks.
- 10) Discuss the significance of listening comprehension.
- 11) Explain the function of stress and intonation.
- 12) Explain the following terms:
  - (i) Stress and shifting stress
  - (ii) Voiceless and voiced sound.
  - (iii) Diphthongs and Triphthongs.
  - (iv) Phonatory system.
- 13) What do you understand by manner of articulation and place of articulation? Explain with suitable examples.