# MP-107 / MP-202 (Old) <br> December - Examination 2015 <br> MBA Ist Year Examination <br> Financial Management <br> <br> Paper - MP-107 / MP-202 (Old) 

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## Time : 3 Hours ]

[ Max. Marks :- 80
Note: The question paper is divided into three sections A, B and $C$. Write answers as per given instructions.

## Section - A

$8 \times 2=16$
Note: All questions in this section are compulsory. Each question will be of 2 marks and maximum word limit for each answer will be 30 words.

1) (i) What do you understand by finance function?
(ii) Give two objectives of financial management.
(iii) What are the objectives of working capital?
(iv) What are the objectives of cash management?
(v) What is financial leverage?
(vi) How are preference shares classified?
(vii) Give the formula of P/V ratio.
(viii) What do you mean by key - factor?

Note: This section contains 8 questions. Examinee will have to answer any four questions. Each question will be of 8 marks and maximum word limit for each answer is 200 words.
2) Discuss the scope of financial management.
3) What are the objectives of working capital management?
4) What is receivable management? Explain.
5) Explain the type of inventories.
6) Find out economic ordering quantity from the following particulars.

Annual uses : 600 units
Cost of material per unit : ₹ 20
Cost of placing and receiving orders : ₹ 60
Annual carrying cost for unit : 10\% of inventories value
7) What is break-even point? How is it ascertained? Discuss.
8) What is present value method in capital budgeting? Explain.
9) What is stable dividend policy? Explain.

## Section - C

Note: Attempt any two questions within 500 words of each answer.
10) The current market price per share is ₹ 110 and the current dividend per share is ₹ 5.50 . Assuming that the dividends grow at the rate of $5 \%$, calculate the cost of equity capital.
11) Illustrate the methodology of working capital estimation.
12) If $P / V$ ratio is $30 \%$ and margin of safety is $40 \%$. Find out the current fixed cost, break-even point and net profit if actual sale is $₹ 5,00,000$.
13) Explain the dividend model of Modigliani - Miller's approach.

